Page 1: Question 1 Par
------------------------

Let	$y = 4 \sin  $	$[2(x-\frac{\pi}{2})]$	$[\frac{1}{2}]$	. Fill in th	e blanks.	Simplify	your answers.

Middle *y* – value = \_\_\_\_\_

Phase shift =

Amplitude =

Period =

Maximum y - value =

Quarter-period =

Minimum y – value = \_\_\_\_\_

Find the x- and y- coordinates for all points corresponding to the middle, top and bottom of the graph of the function for 2 complete cycles, starting at the phase shift. State clearly if the point corresponds to the top, middle or bottom of the graph.

Point 1: x =\_\_\_\_\_PHASE SHIFT

y = \_\_\_\_(\_\_\_

BOTTOM

**BOTTOM** 

**BOTTOM** 

TOP, MIDDLE or

TOP, MIDDLE or

Point 2: x =\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = PREVIOUS QUARTERx - VALUE PERIOD

 $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ TOP, MIDDLE or

Point 3:  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ PREVIOUS QUARTER-

*y* = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_)
TOP, MIDDLE or

x – VALUE PERIOD

y = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_\_)

Point 4: x =\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_ PREVIOUS QUARTER-x - VALUE PERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or BOTTOM

Point 5:  $x = ___ + __ = ___$ 

y = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_\_)

PREVIOUS QUARTERx – VALUE PERIOD TOP, MIDDLE or BOTTOM

Point 6: x =\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

y = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_\_)

PREVIOUS QUARTER– x – VALUE PERIOD

BOTTOM

Point 7:  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ PREVIOUS QUARTER-

y =\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_)
TOP, MIDDLE or

x – VALUE PERIOD

BOTTOM

Point 8: x =\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

*y* = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_)
TOP, MIDDLE or

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{PREVIOUS} & \text{QUARTER-} \\ x - \text{VALUE} & \text{PERIOD} \end{array}$ 

BOTTOM y = \_\_\_\_\_(\_\_\_\_)

Point 9:  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ PREVIOUS QUARTER-x - VALUE PERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or BOTTOM Page 2: Question 2 Part 1

	Tr		
Let	$y = -2\cos(\frac{\pi x}{8} + \frac{5\pi}{4}) + 3$ .	Fill in the blanks.	Simplify your answers.

Middle y – value =

Phase shift =

Amplitude =

Period =

Maximum y – value =

Quarter-period =

Minimum y – value =

Find the x- and y- coordinates for all points corresponding to the middle, top and bottom of the graph of the function for 2 complete cycles, starting at the phase shift. State clearly if the point corresponds to the top, middle or bottom of the graph.

Point 1: x =PHASE SHIFT

TOP, MIDDLE or **BOTTOM** 

x - VALUE

TOP, MIDDLE or

**PREVIOUS** QUARTERx - VALUEPERIOD

y = \_\_\_\_\_

**BOTTOM** 

Point 3:  $x = _{-}$ **PREVIOUS** QUARTER-

PERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or BOTTOM

Point 4: x =

 $y = _{-}$ TOP, MIDDLE or

**PREVIOUS** OUARTERx - VALUEPERIOD

**BOTTOM** 

Point 5:  $x = _{-}$ **PREVIOUS** x - VALUE

**PREVIOUS** 

QUARTER-PERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or

Point 6: x =QUARTER-

TOP, MIDDLE or **BOTTOM** 

**BOTTOM** 

x - VALUEPERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or

Point 7:  $x = _{-}$ **PREVIOUS** x - VALUE

QUARTER-PERIOD

**BOTTOM** 

Point 8: x =

**PREVIOUS** QUARTERx - VALUEPERIOD

TOP, MIDDLE or BOTTOM

Point 9: x =

**PREVIOUS** QUARTERx - VALUE**PERIOD** 

 $y = _{---}$ TOP, MIDDLE or **BOTTOM** 

## Math 42 Additional Homework 1 Wed Oct 19, 2016

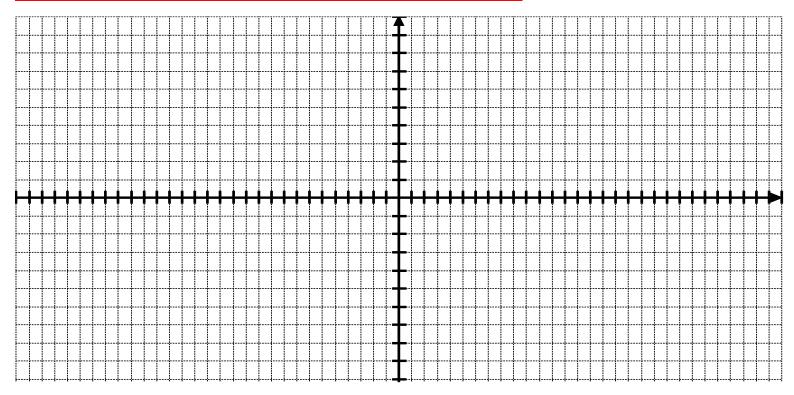
## NAME YOU ASKED TO BE CALLED IN CLASS:

Page 3: Questions 1 & 2 Part 2

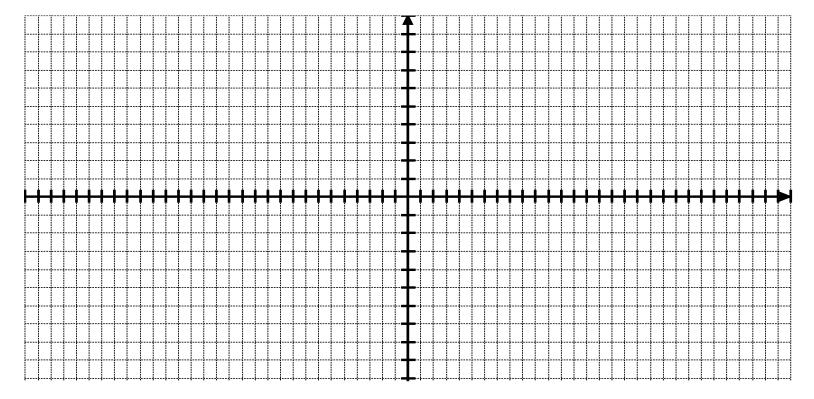
Sketch a detailed graph of 2 complete cycles of  $y = 4\sin[2(x - \frac{\pi}{3})] - 3$  using the information from Question 1 Part 1.

You must label all x – and y – values from Part 1 on the appropriate axes below, and you must use a consistent scale for each axis.

You do NOT need to label each tick mark on each axis, only the ones you found in Part 1.

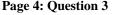


Sketch a detailed graph of 2 complete cycles of  $y = -2\cos(\frac{\pi x}{8} + \frac{5\pi}{4}) + 3$  using the information from Question 2 Part 1. You must label all x - and y - values from Part 1 on the appropriate axes below, and you must use a consistent scale for each axis. You do NOT need to label each tick mark on each axis, only the ones you found in Part 1.



## Math 42 Additional Homework 1 Wed Oct 19, 2016

Page 4: Question 3



Fill in the blanks regarding the graph on the right. Simplify your answers.

NOTE: The x – coordinates of the two points highlighted are  $-\frac{2\pi}{5}$  and  $2\pi$ , and correspond to points with the middle y – value.

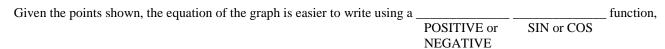
The maximum and minimum y – values are 3 and –11.



$$Amplitude = \underline{\qquad} = |A|$$

Phase shift = 
$$C$$

Period = 
$$=\frac{2\pi}{B} \implies B = =$$







You are riding a ferris wheel with a radius of 75 feet, which is turning at a regular rate.

You have a tremendous fear of heights, but you don't want to embarrass yourself in front of your date, so you try to distract yourself by finding an equation for your height (y) as a function of time (t).

At time t = 18 seconds, you are at the top of the wheel. At time t = 60 seconds, you are at the bottom of the wheel, which is 4 feet above the ground. (This is the first time you reach the bottom after time t = 18 seconds.)

Fill in the blanks. Simplify your answers.

It may be helpful to draw a crude sketch of the height function and label the known t- and y- values on it.

Maximum 
$$y$$
 – value = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\underline{\phantom{a}} = C$$

Minimum 
$$y$$
 – value =

$$=\frac{2\pi}{B}$$

Middle 
$$y$$
 – value =  $= D$ 

$$B =$$

Amplitude = 
$$= |A|$$

Given the crude sketch of the height function, the equation is easier to write using a 
$$\_$$

function.

SIN or COS POSITIVE or **NEGATIVE** 

So, A =\_\_\_\_\_.

The equation of the function is 
$$y = \underline{\qquad} (t - \underline{\qquad}) + \underline{\qquad}$$